



词汇: *fashion* 时尚

The **destructive impact** of fast fashion **on** the environment is widely documented. So how can we, as **consumers**, reduce our **fashion footprint**? One obvious answer is to buy less. Another is to buy clothes that have been more **sustainably** made, using organic and recycled materials. **Hiring** clothes is another way to get new pieces for our **wardrobe**. But buying second-hand may be the simplest solution and a **trend** that is growing fast.

According to the Boston Consulting Group, second-hand clothes are **projected** to make up 27 per cent of customers' wardrobes by 2023. By 2030, the second-hand clothing market is projected to be twice the size of **fast fashion**, according to a global report by Thredup and GlobalData. So, it seems, the next ten years will see the **resale market** grow fast, and this is in part because we now have more options than simply buying from **charity shops** and **jumble sales**. Online sites are making it easier to both buy and sell **pre-loved items**.

It also helps that the perception of pre-loved clothing has changed. Dr Amna Khan, senior lecturer in consumer behaviours and **retail** at Manchester Metropolitan University, said 'it's now become **trendy** to wear second-hand' and it's no longer 'a case of only buying it if you can't afford anything else'. The changing **values** of shoppers is even being seen in **celebrity culture**, with television personalities, such as contestants on the popular UK TV show Love Island, promoting second-hand clothing.

Not everyone is convinced that these changes in shopping habits will do enough to reduce our fashion footprint. The charity Wrap tells people to **repair** and **revamp** clothes they already have in their wardrobe before buying new ones, even if they are second-hand. But it's clear that some consumers now want to consume less and make more environmentally friendly choices when they do buy. The fashion industry is therefore having to change, and the second-hand market is the star of the show.

词汇表

destructive impact on	破坏性的影响
consumer	消费者
fashion footprint	时尚碳足迹
sustainably	可持续地
hire (an item)	租用, 租借
wardrobe	衣柜, 衣橱
trend	趋势
project (v)	预计
fast fashion	快速时尚
resale market	二手市场
charity shop	慈善商店
jumble sale	旧货义卖
pre-loved item	二手物品
retail	零售
trendy	时髦的
value (n)	观念
celebrity culture	名人文化
repair	修补
revamp	修改, 翻新

测验与练习

1. 阅读课文并回答问题。

1. Is buying second-hand the only solution to reducing our fashion footprint?

2. True or False? *By 2030, fast fashion will be half the size of the second-hand clothing market.*

3. Before buying online, where did consumers go to buy second-hand clothes?

4. True or False? *People now only buy second-hand if they can't afford anything else.*

5. Who is causing the change in shopping habits – the consumer or the fashion industry?

2. 选择意思恰当的单词或词组来完成下列句子。

1. In my family we grow our own fruit and vegetables to live more _____.

widely	sustainably	trendy	consumer
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2. It's going to snow tomorrow, _____ the weather forecast.

impact on	widely documented	according to	perception
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3. It is true that women _____ less than forty per cent of people working in science?

revamp	project	make up	destructive impact on
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4. Toby has his own style. He doesn't care what's _____ at the moment.

trendy	trend	value	fashion footprint
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5. My mother wasn't _____ when I told her I had finished my homework.

promoted	convinced	repaired	revamped
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答案

1. 阅读课文并回答问题。

1. Is buying second-hand the only solution to reducing our fashion footprint?

No, other possible solutions are: buying less, buying clothes that have been more sustainably made, hiring clothes, and repairing and revamping clothes.

2. True or False? *By 2030, fast fashion will be half the size of the second-hand clothing market.*

True. By 2030, the second-hand clothing market is projected to be twice the size of fast fashion.

3. Before buying online, where did consumers go to buy second-hand clothes?

Charity shops and jumble sales.

4. True or False? *People now only buy second-hand if they can't afford anything else.*

False. The perception of second-hand clothing has changed and it's become trendy.

5. Who is causing the change in shopping habits – the consumer or the fashion industry?

The consumer. Consumers want to consume less and make more environmentally friendly choices when they buy, so the fashion industry is having to change.

2. 选择意思恰当的单词或词组来完成下列句子。

1. In my family we grow our own fruit and vegetables to live more **sustainably**.

2. It's going to snow tomorrow, **according to** the weather forecast.

3. It is true that women **make up** less than forty per cent of people working in science?

4. Toby has his own style. He doesn't care what's **trendy** at the moment.

5. My mother wasn't **convinced** when I told her I had finished my homework.